

ATTACHMENT 1

Webster's II

New College Dictionary

THIRD EDITION



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resilience ■ respect

sition or shape after having been stretched or pressed.
resilience (rē-zil'yans) also **re-silien-cy** (yān-sē) *n.* 1. Ability to recover rapidly from illness, change, or misfortune: BOYANCY. 2. The property of a material that enables it to regain its original shape or position after being bent, stretched, or compressed: ELASTICITY.
resilient *adj.* —**resilient-ly** *adv.*

res-in (rēz'in) *n.* [ME < OFr. *resine* < Lat. *resina*.] 1. Any of numerous clear to translucent yellow or brown solid or semisolid viscous substances of plant origin, as copal, rosin, and amber, used chiefly in lacquers, varnishes, inks, adhesives, synthetic plastics, and pharmaceuticals. 2. Any of numerous physically similar polymerized synthetics or chemically modified natural resins including thermoplastic materials, as polyvinyl, polystyrene, and polyethylene, and thermosetting materials, as polyesters, epoxies, and silicones, that are used with fillers, stabilizers, pigments, and other components to form plastics. —*vt.* **-ined**, **-in-ing**, **-ins** To treat or rub with resin. —**res-in-ous** (rēz'ə-nəs) *adj.*

res-in-a-te (rēz'ə-nāt') *vt.* **-at-ed**, **-at-ing**, **-ates** To impregnate, permeate, or flavor with resin.

resin canal *n.* A tubular intercellular space with resin-secreting cells, often found in gymnosperms.

res-in-if-er-ous (rēz'ə-nif'ər-əs) *adj.* Yielding resin.

res-in-old (rēz'ə-noid') *adj.* Typical of, relating to, or containing resin.
n. A resinoid synthetic, esp. a thermosetting resin.

re-sist (rē-zist') *v.* **-isted**, **-sist-ing**, **-sist-s** [ME *resisten* < Lat. *resistere*: *re-*, against + *sistere*, to place.] —*vt.* 1a. To oppose actively. b. To oppose with force. 2. To remain firm in opposing the action or effect of: WITHSTAND. 3. To refrain from giving in to or enjoying <*resisted* all affection>. —*vi.* To offer resistance. —*n.* A substance that can coat and protect a surface, as from corrosion. —**re-sist'er** *n.*

♦ **synonyms** RESIST, FIGHT, WITHSTAND *v.* core meaning : to oppose actively and with force <Rebels resisted the government troops.>

resis-tance (rē-zis'tans) *n.* 1a. An act of resisting. b. Capacity to resist. 2. A force that tends to oppose or retard motion. 3. Elect. Opposition to electric current characteristic of a medium, substance, or circuit element. 4. An underground organization struggling for national liberation in a country under totalitarian control. 5. Psychoanal. A process in which the ego opposes the conscious recall of unpleasant experiences. —**resis'tant** *adj.*

resis-tible (rē-zis'tib'l) *adj.* Capable of being resisted. —**resis'ti-bil-i-ty** *n.* —**resis'ti-bly** *adv.*

resis-tive (rē-zis'tiv) *adj.* Capable of, tending toward, or marked by resistance <cat *resistive* to travel>. —**resis'tive-ly** *adv.* —**resis'tive-ness** *n.*

resis-tiv-i-ty (rē-zis'tiv'i-tē) *n.* 1. Capacity for or tendency toward resistance. 2. Elect. The resistance per unit length of a substance with uniform cross section.

re-sist-less (rē-zist'lis) *adj.* 1. Incapable of being resisted: IRRESISTIBLE. 2. Unable to resist: UNRESISTING. —**re-sist'less-ly** *adv.* —**re-sist'less-ness** *n.*

re-sis-tor (rē-zis'tor) *n.* An electric circuit element used for providing resistance.

res-ju-di-ca-ta (rēz'jōō'di-kā'ta) also **res-ad-ju-di-ca-ta** (rēz'ə-jōō'-ta) *n.* [Lat., thing decided.] Law. An adjudicated issue that cannot be litigated again.

re-so-le (rē-sōl') *vt.* **-soled**, **-sol-ing**, **-soles** To put a new sole on (foot-wear).

re-sol-u-ble (rē-zōl'yā-bal) *adj.* [LLat. *resolubilis* < Lat. *resolvere*, to resolve.] Capable of being resolved. —**re-sol'u-bil-i-ty** *n.*

re-so-lute (rēz'ə-lüt', rēz'ə-lüt') *adj.* [Lat. *resolutus*, p.part. of *resolvere*, to resolve.] Marked by firmness or determination: UNWAVERING. —**re-so-lute-ly** *adv.* —**re-so-lute-ness** *n.*

re-so-la-tion (rēz'ə-lōō'shən) *n.* 1. Firm determination. 2. An act of resolving to do something. 3. A course of action determined or decided on. 4. A formal statement of a decision or expression of opinion put before or adopted by an assembly such as the US Congress. 5. Separation or reduction of something into its constituent parts <the prismatic resolution of sunlight into its spectral colors>. 6. The fineness of detail that can be distinguished in an image, as on a computer screen or printout. 7. Med. Abatement or termination of an abnormal condition, as a fever or inflammation. 8. A decision of a court of law. 9. An explanation, as of a puzzle or problem: SOLUTION. 10. Mus. a. The progression of a dissonant tone or chord to a consonant tone or chord. b. The tone or chord to which such a progression is made.

re-solve (rē-zolv') *vt.* **-solved**, **-sol-ing**, **-solves** [ME *resolven*, to dissolve < Lat. *resolvere*, to untie: *re-*, back + *solvere*, to untie.] —*vt.* 1. To make a firm decision about. 2. To cause (one) to arrive at a decision. 3. To decide or express by formal vote. 4. To change or convert <My resentment resolved itself into resignation>. 5. To reach a solution to: SOLVE. 6. To dispel or remove (doubts): explain away. 7. To bring to a usu. successful conclusion <resolve a dilemma>. 8. Med. To cause reduction of (e.g., an inflammation). 9. Mus. To cause (a tone or chord) to progress from dissonance to consonance. 10. Chem. To separate (a racemic compound or mixture) into its opti-

components. 11. To melt or dissolve (something). 12. To make a decision or make a determination <resolve on a new plan>. 13. To become separated or reduced to components. 3. **MIL.** resolution. —*n.* 1. Steadfastness of purpose: RESOLUTED. 2. Intention or decision. 3. A formal resolution made by a body. —**re-solv'a-bil'i-ty**, **re-solv'a-bil-i-ty** *n.* —**re-solv'er** *n.*

re-sol-vent (rē-zōl'vent) *adj.* Causing or capable of separation into constituents: SOLVENT. —*n.* A resolvent substance: anti-inflammatory medicine.

res-o-nance (rēz'ə-nans) *n.* 1. The quality or state of being resonant.

2. **Physics.** a. The increase in amplitude of oscillation or mechanical system due to a periodic force whose frequency is equal or very close to the natural undamped frequency. b. An unstable subatomic particle whose existence is inferred from a peak in the energy distribution of its decay products.

3. Intensification and prolongation of sound, esp. of a sound caused by sympathetic vibration. 4. **Med.** The sound produced by percussing the normal chest. 5. **Chem.** 11

a compound having simultaneously the characteristics of more structural forms that differ only in the distributions.

6. **Ling.** Intensification of vocal tones during speech by the air cavities of the mouth and nose. 7. Richness, esp. in evoking an association or strong emotion.

res-o-nant (rēz'ə-nant) *adj.* [Lat. *resonans*, resonant, *resonare*, to resound.] 1. Producing or exhibiting resonance or producing a full, deep, or rich sound <a resonant voice>. 2. Having a lasting presence or effect: enduring. 3. Resonant: EVOCATIVE <a monument resonant of the past>.

3. Resulting from or as if from resonance <resonant frequencies>.

—**res-o-nant-ly** *adv.*

♦ **synonyms:** RESONANT, MELLOW, RESOUNDING.

re-sound adj. core meaning : having or producing a full, rich sound <a resonant baritone>

resonant circuit *n.* An electric circuit with inductance selected to produce a specified value of the natural frequency.

res-o-nate (rēz'ə-nāt') *v.* **-nat-ed**, **-nat-ing**, **-nates** resonant. —see RESOUND.] —*vt.* 1. To exhibit or produce resonant effects. 2. To have a profound emotional effect that resonated with the audience. 3. To be harmonious, —*vt.* To subject to resonating.

res-o-na-tor (rēz'ə-nāt'or) *n.* 1. A resonating system or cavity with dimensions selected to allow for resonant oscillation of electromagnetic or acoustical frequencies. b. Electron. A microwave-generating device containing such resonant chambers or cavities. c. Elec.

circuit.

re-sorb (rē-sōrb', -zōrb') *vt.* **-sorbed**, **-sorb-ing**, **-sorbs** suck back: *re-*, back + *sorbere*, to suck up.] —*vt.* 1.

2. Biol. To break down or dissolve and assimilate (tissue). —*vi.* To undergo resorption. —**re-sorp'tion** *n.*

re-sor-tin-ol (rē-zōr'tsā-nōl', -nōl') also **re-sor-t** [RESIN + ORCHID + -IN + -OL.] A white crystalline C₆H₄(OH)₂ for treating certain skin diseases and hives, and pharmaceuticals.

re-sort (rē-zōrt') *vt.* **-sort-ed**, **-sort-ing**, **-sorts** [ME re-sort, OFr. *resortir*, to go out again: *re-*, again + *sor*te, to sort]. —*vt.* 1. To have recourse <The government resorted to repairing roads commonly or often: REPAIR. —*n.* 1. A place visited for relaxation or recreation <a ski resort> 2. A custom or gathering <a well-known place of resort> turned to for aid or relief.

re-sound (rē-zound') *vt.* **-sound-ed**, **-sound-ing**, **-sound-s** [OFr. *resonner* < Lat. *resonare*: *re-*, again + *sonus*, sound].

1. To be filled with sound: REVERBERATE. 2. To reverberate sound. 3. To sound loudly: ring out or celebrated. —*vt.* 1. To send back (sound) loudly. 3. To proclaim widely: CELEBRATE. —*adj.* sound'ingly *adv.*

re-source (rē'sōrs', -zōrs', rē-sōrs', -zōrs') *n.* [French *ressource* < *ressourdre*, to rise again < Lat. *resurgere*, to rise.] 1. Something that can be used as a resource. 2. An accessible supply that can be withdrawn when necessary. 3. An ability to handle a situation in a resourceful manner. Means that can be used profitably. Available capital: ASSETS. 4. A way of spending money effectively. —**re-source-ful** (rē-sōrs'fūl, -zōrs'fūl) *adj.* Able to use resources effectively. —**re-source-ful-ness** *n.*

♦ **synonyms:** RESOURCEFUL, FERTILE, INGENUOUS. core meaning : able to use the means at one's disposal effectively <an intelligent, resourceful person>.

re-spect (rē-spékt') *vt.* **-spect-ed**, **-spect-ing**, **-spect-s** [re-spect-: *re-*, back + *specere*, to look.] 1. To regard with respect.

2. To avoid violation of a law, rule, or principle.